

**STRIKE DANGER STILL IN BALANCE;
SENATE STORMS OVER 8 HOUR BILL;
HOUSE PASSES IT. VOTING 239 TO 56**

Decisive Ballot in Upper Body Scheduled for 6 o'clock Tonight

SENATOR UNDERWOOD

Shocks Colleagues by Saying Crisis Will Recur in Six to Nine Months

TWO AMENDMENTS

Situation Without Parallel in Congress History— Wilson, Roosevelt

WASHINGTON, Sept. 1.—Danger of a national railroad strike still hangs in the balance. By a vote of 239 to 56 the House to-day passed a bill which is acceptable to the chiefs of the four brotherhoods, providing for an eight hour day.

The Senate, by unanimous consent, to-night agreed to take the final vote

on the measure at 6 o'clock to-morrow evening. Indications slightly favor its passage in the upper house, but the measure was stormily debated to-day, and may meet an unexpected death.

If the bill is passed by the Senate it will be rushed at once to the President for his signature, and the strike order, set for September 4, is expected to be cancelled at once.

Shortly after 11 o'clock to-night the Senate agreed to a proposal by Senator Newlands to close debate at 4 o'clock to-morrow afternoon and to proceed two hours later to a vote of the House bill and all amendments. The Senate then adjourned until 10 A. M. to-morrow.

Wilson Leaves Washington.

Apparently confident that the stage had been completely set for the final act of capitulation by Congress, President

Wilson left for Shadow Lawn, his summer home, at 3 o'clock this afternoon. Arrangements were made to send the note to him by special messenger so that he may affix his signature without delay.

Despite the frequent outcries against Prohibits from the President it is probable the situation which prevailed to-day at the Capitol was without parallel in the history of Congress. In a condition almost of panic both houses proceeded to rush through legislation demanded of them, no more and no less.

With the representatives of the four brotherhoods seated in a committee room in the Capitol, "holding their watches," as it were, on the threat to strike, Congress hurried to do the bidding of the union men. Amendments offered on the floor of Congress were rejected as snags as it was known that these labor leaders had turned thumbs down; amendments that found favor in their eyes had been

Humiliation for Congress.

The humiliation of the situation seemed to be felt by most members of Congress, but few of them were courageous enough to raise a voice of protest. Democrats as well as Republicans admitted on the floor of the Senate and House that the legislation was of an emergency character, intended solely to head off the strike called for Labor Day. But it was to be enacted hastily and without deliberation and with an eye solely to putting the threatening railroad employees.

Senator John Underwood, Alabama

Mr. Underwood championed the law efforts to get something for the railroads and the public in return for the concessions that are being made to organized labor. He urged an amendment empowering the Interstate Commerce Commission to fix railroad wages and another amendment imposing heavy penalties for interference with the movement of trains.

Result of Vote in House.

The result of the roll-call on the eight-hour bill in the House was as follows:

AYES (Democrats) Abernethy, Adamson, Alexander, Allen, Almon, Ashbrook, Aswell, Ayres, Bailey, Barkley, Barnhart, Becker, Berland, Bruckner, Brundage, Buchanan (Illinois), Buchanan (Texas), Canning, Carson,

Caldwell, Caldwell (Mississippi)
 Caraway, Caraw, Carlin, Casey, Clin
 Coady, Collier, Connolly, Conry, Cox
 Crosser, Cullora, Dale (New York), Day
 export, Dent, Dewalt, Dickinson, Dies
 Dixon, Dooling, Doolittle, Doremus
 Doughton, Driscoll, Dunro, Egan, Eagle
 Edwards, Espinal, Evans, Farley, Field
 Fitzgerald, Flynn, Gallagher, Gallway

Gandy, Gard, Glass, Godwin, Goodwin, Gordon, Gray (Indiana), Griffin, Hamill, Hamlin, Hardy, Harrison, Hastings, Hayden, Hefflin, Heffner, Hillard, Holland, Hood, Houston, Howard, Huddleston, Hulbert, Hull (Tennessee), Humphreys (Mississippi), Igou, Jacoway, Johnson (Kentucky), Jones, Keating, Key, Kluchler, Kuchler, Kupper, Lambert, Leavelle, Leavelle

Kittling, Kolop, Kosher, Kover, Lewis, Lieb, Liebel, Linthicum, Littlepage, Lloyd, Lobeck, McAndrews, McArthur, McElmore, Maher, Mays, Montague, Moon, Moss, Murray, Neely, Oldfield, Oliver, Olney, Overmyer, Padgett, Pag (North Carolina), Phelan, Pon, qu, Ragsdale, Rainey, Baker, Ray, Rauch, Rayburn, Reilly, Gordon, Reiter, Rubey, Rucker, Russell (Missouri), 8

ly, Sears, Shallenberger, Sherley, S
wood, Sims, Sisson, Small, Smith (New
York), Sparkman, Steagall, Steed,
Steele (Iowa), Stephens (Mississippi),
Stephens (Texas), Stone, Taggart, Taggart